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Related Art

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6,061,660      May 9, 2000      Eggleston

Eggleston limits winners to a process of using an algorithm.  
Kish creates a system and method where employee actions produce gains and improved wages are converted into a unit of known value of the business.

Eggleston claims a network, sponsored computer, host computer with an incentive application builder program which is limited to the application manager who builds the program  
Kish empowers the employee to produce the award which is not limited by the employer and earned with an improved wage, the employee earns and exchanges the wage into a unit of the business equity.

Eggleston limits current identification as a retrieval and storage of incentives and points where users can view, decide on incentive programs.  
Kish improves the user incentive with real time employee program where employee within a work shift or after a work shift understands which action has been awarded where employee motivation is improved independently and motivated by employee with other employees cooperating within the work shift employment opportunity.

Eggleston exchange of points is limited upon a victory, prize, customer or employee incentive using an automatic measurement of an award.  
Kish empowers the employee to produce the award and exchange the earned wage.

Eggleston has limited the award to the typical exchanges of cash, and merchandise.  
Kish has taken only the earned productive part of the employee wage to become converted into the business equity. This entitlement is unique since owners do not freely provide a business share of the future profits of the business.

6,587,831      July 1, 2003      O'Brien

O'Brien is specific with his employee action using a password for a work shift exchange.  
Kish has employees and the employees access the system using a password to acquire the entitlement to improve a wage and to earn equity.

O'Brien claims the point bids are used within a work shift schedule change.  
Kish improves the award by employee awards based on productivity.

O'Brien is exchanging employee points and updated the employee point totals based upon an assignment of a work shift.

Kish is not limiting the employee award amount where the employee awards other employees based upon the improved income or value, the productivity of the work shift.

The employee identification update notifies the employee of the award where greater moral, strong team performance, improved customer satisfaction is achieved.

O'Brien has establish a value which is limited to the work shift.

Kish improves the established awards over a value of the work shift which value is the productivity, employees produce without management direction.

O'Brien awards points to employees for alleviating the manager from having to fill the shift.

Kish has entitled employees to manage themselves and to organized the work place based upon the team skills. Kish leads employees to maximize his or her earning potential with employee decisions.

O'Brien assignment is a work shift.

Kish assignment are customers and prospective customers, the employee has acquired on premise or off premise by his or her independent actions.

O'Brien information is employee data.

Kish has information from the customer where employees enter the data. And employees can access the information producing greater customer loyalty, retention, sales which creates a greater wage.

O'Brien adds or decreases points on schedule changes

Kish entitles employee to exchange earned wages where employee actions have produced greater benefits to the business.

Management system for use in budgets, forecasting, sales incentive plans are basic planning systems where supervisors can budget and or forecast business or loads and to schedule employees appropriately to the anticipated business requirements.

The prior art falls short where employees are not given the entitlement to forecast, to budget and to plan their sales. If implemented, employees reduce management's time, improving input and reducing cost. Where these cost reductions and improvements are productivity gains.

Known prior art include US. Pat. No; 5,911,134,

6,345,261      February 5, 2002      Feidelson:

Feidelson claim is limited to a customer discount based upon a purchase and that discount equals an investment into a public security.

Kish improves employee investment potential by investing in the private capital structure of the employee' employer. Kish improves it by an additional portion of work, productivity can be invested.

6,575,832      June 10, 2003      Manfredi

Manfredi is limited to game players and it provides a credit based upon a game-device tracking system where the game player exceeds a predetermined level within an earning time period and using the credit to wage again on the gaming device.

Kish player's are employees earning a living wage where employees exceed employment expectation with production or service levels and the improved wage is exchanged for equity in the business.

6,301,564      October 9, 2001      Halverson

Halverson limited where individual preferences are not productive, it provides a survey system device for customer preferences and it provides a grouping of preferences in food, atmosphere and experience.

Kish improves on Halverson where it is the employee entitlement to enter individual information into the database and to retrieve the data individually, hereafter, the employee making the decisions of customer independent experience. Where the employee has the opportunity of improving retention, improving sales and creating greater wages for themselves.

5,991,736      November 23, 1999      Ferguson

Ferguson's system is limited to customer's retirement programs and an incentive which is a monetary transaction of a good or service and it provides the customer a portion of an incentive award pool and the system provides a transfer of the value to a financial instrument as an IRA based on a goods or service transaction the employee or customer has made.

Kish improves the user incentive by each work shift where the employee actions not a purchase transaction has the opportunity to improve at his or her own initiative. Where the employee can earn an improved wage and invest in the business, he or she is working.

The use of exchanging a credit from purchases and services is known in the prior art. And the systems and methods utilized in exchanging into various financial instruments as mutual funds, IRA, 529 college savings plans, public traded companies have been designed and are crowded in the prior art.

The known prior art of U.S. Pat. No; 5,991,736, U.S. Pat. No; 6,164,533, U.S. Pat. No; 6,345,261, are customer transactions of goods and services which the prior art has limited itself and productive employee actions are not considered.

Other Reference:

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